The Red Sea Survived the Last Glacial Maximum

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Key Findings





Deep-water fossil corals survived the LGM lowstand



Seawater chemistry remained stable



Microfossils mainly persisted during this time



Red Sea did not experience basin wide sterilization

University of Miami

Deep-water corals indicate the Red Sea survived the last glacial lowstand

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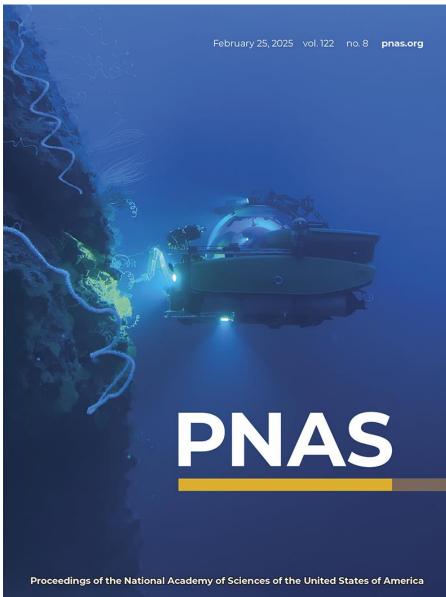




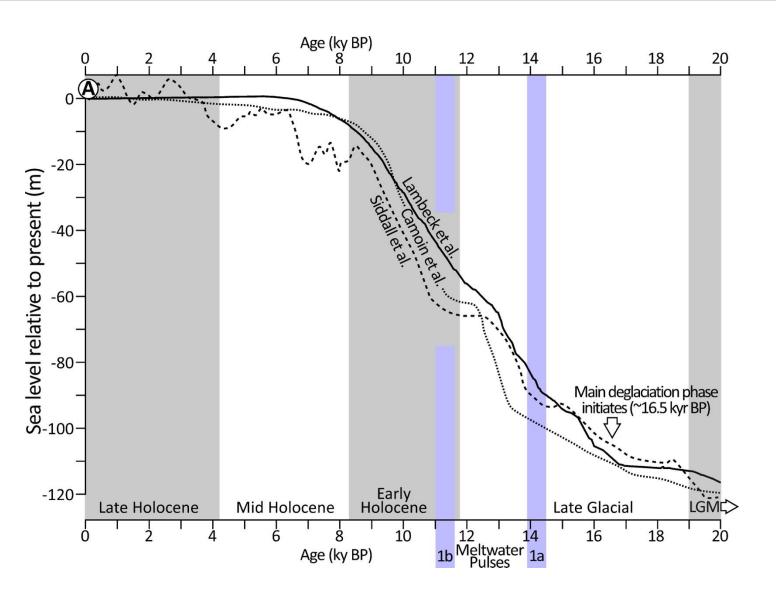






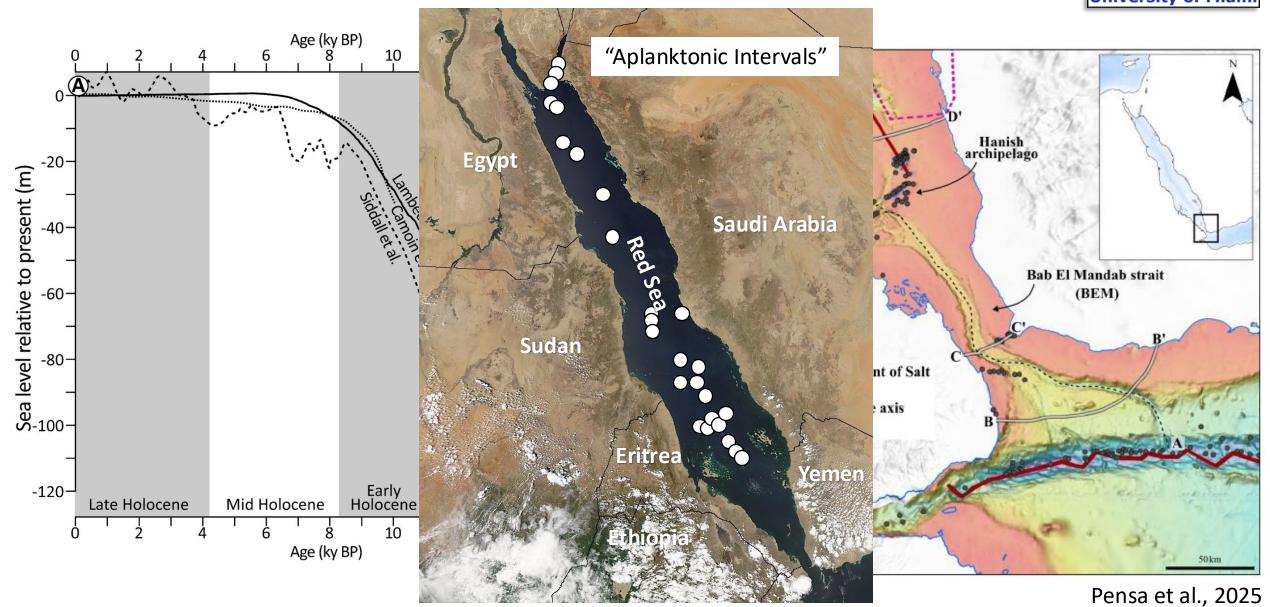




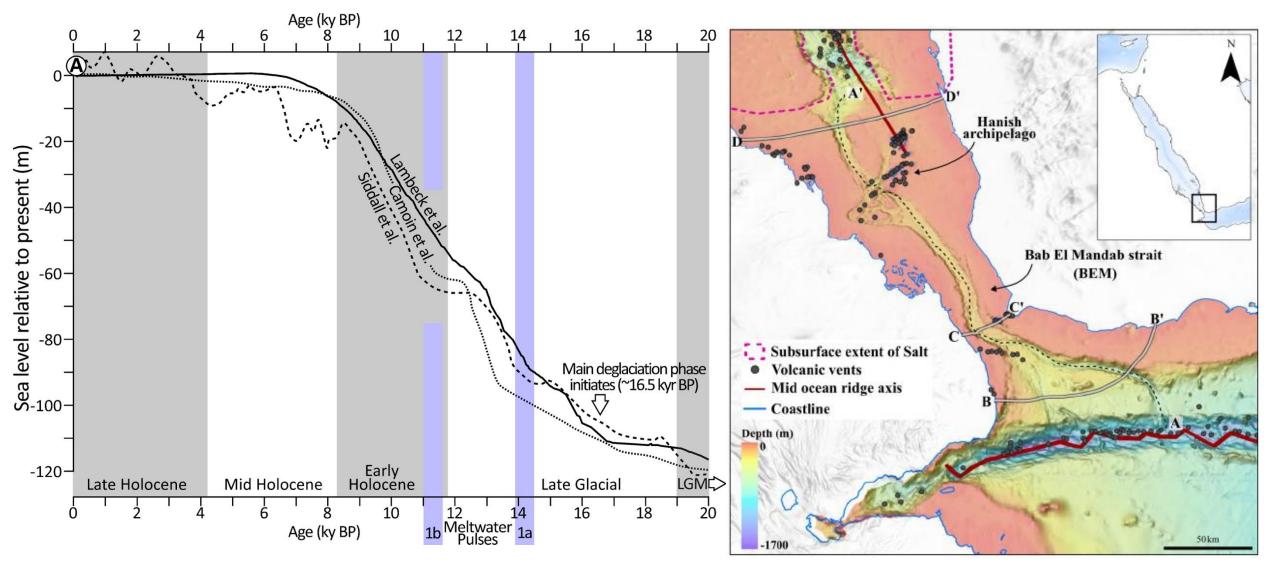






















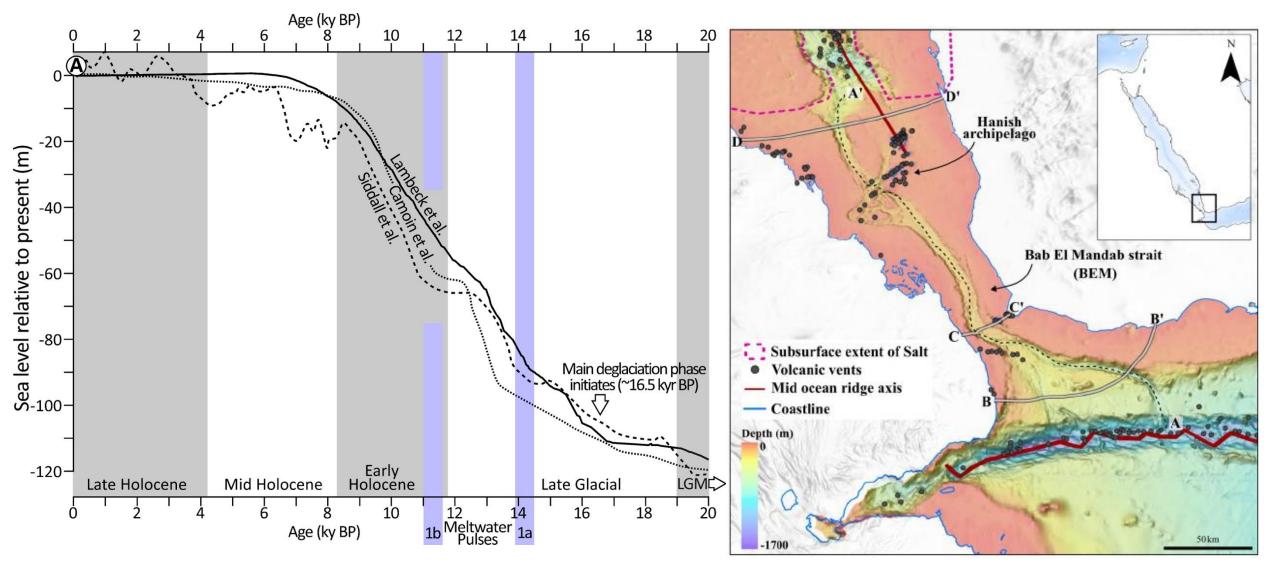




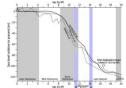


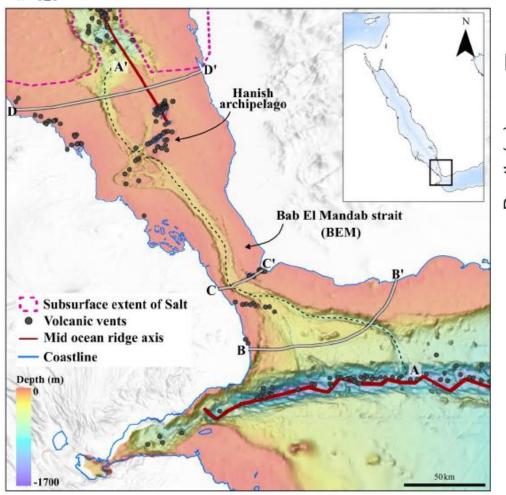


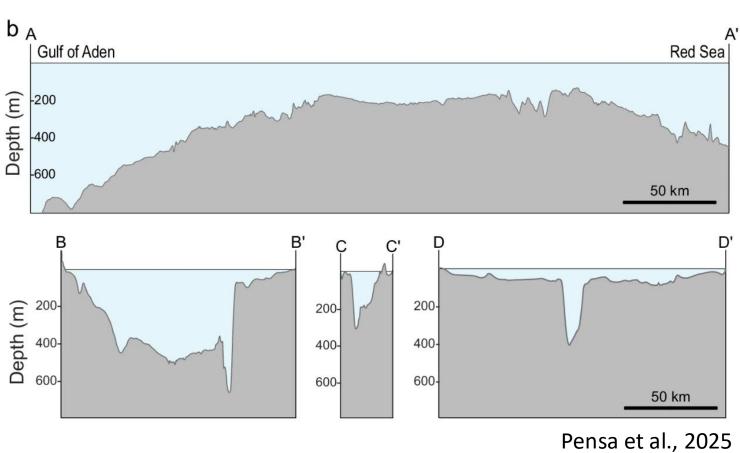














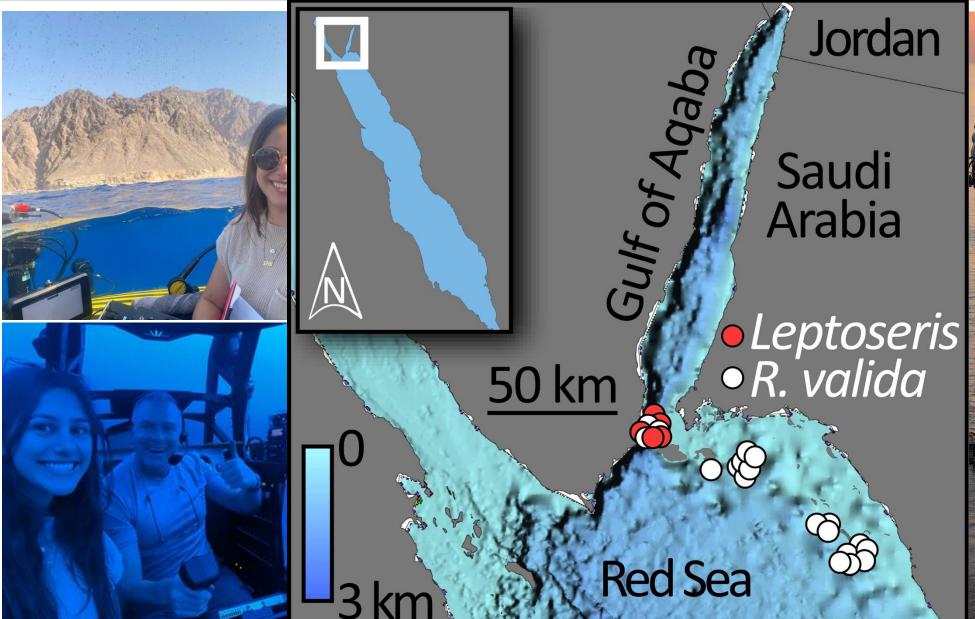


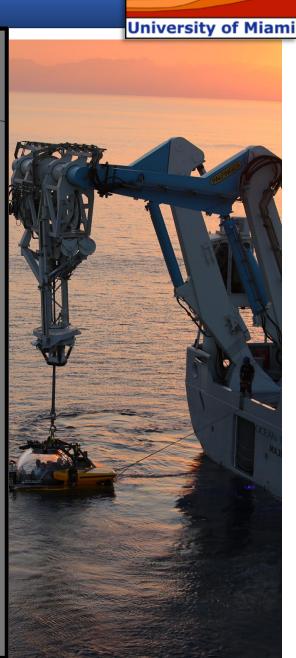
Investigate how the Red Sea responded to sea level fall

Hypothesis: the Red Sea was not completely sterilized during the LGM

Methods - Fieldwork

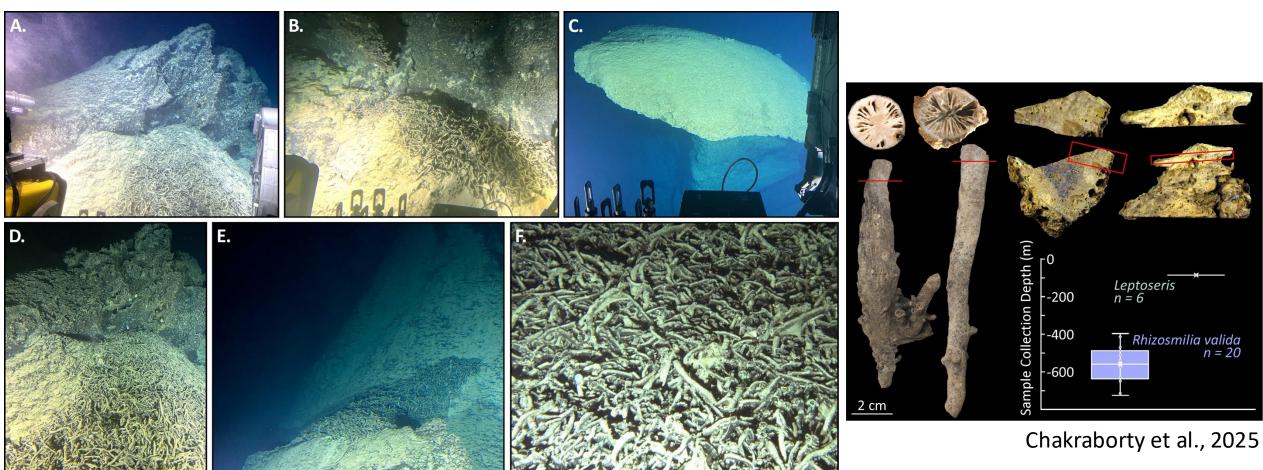






Fossil Deep-water Corals





Fossil Deep-water Corals













Methods – Lab work



27 cores



Uranium-Thorium Geochronology

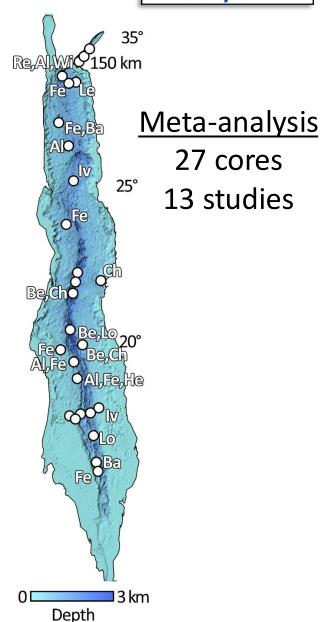


Radiogenic Strontium



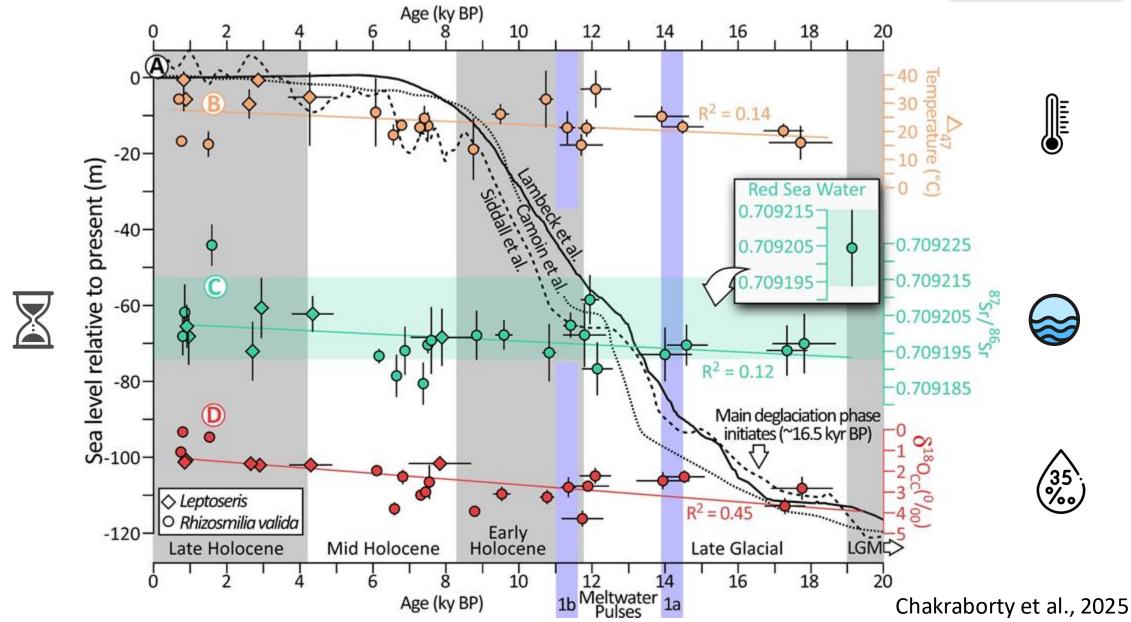
Clumped Isotope Thermometry





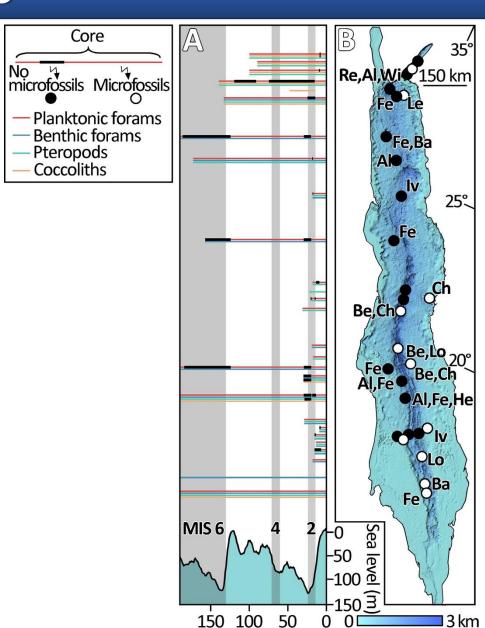
Results





Results





kyr BP

Depth

Al: Almogi-Labin, 1982; Almogi-Labin et al., 1986; Almogi-Labin et al., 1991; Almogi-Labin et al., 1998

Ba: Badawi et al., 2005.

Be: Berggren et al., 1969

Ch: Chen et al., 1969

Fe: Fenton et al., 2000

He: Hemleben et al., 1996

Iv: Ivanova, 1985

Le: Legge et al., 2008

Lo: Locke and Thunell, 1988

Re: Reiss et al., 1980

■3 km **Wi:** Winter et al., 1983

Key Findings





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Next Steps



Use δ²³⁴U to track abrupt Quaternary climate shifts

• Method: Screen & date 38 fossil corals with ²³⁴U/²³⁸U and trace metal concentrations

• Goal: Develop δ^{234} U as a paleo Caltech proxy and link Red Sea variability to Arabian climate

records







Thank you!



Sam Purkis Marco Taviani Bolton Howes Peter Swart Ali Pourmand Arash Sharifi

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Francois Tissot

Chaojin Lu

Mattie Rodrigue

OceanX crew

Mike Ackerman

















Thanks for listening! Questions?

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